NORTHAMPTON COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA



### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITORS' REPORTS

AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED **DECEMBER 31, 2013** 





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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TOWNSHIP OF HANOVER, NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

### REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **Township of Hanover**, **Northampton County, Pennsylvania**, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. The prior year summarized comparative information has been derived from the Township's 2012 financial statements and in our report dated March 31, 2013, we expressed unmodified (Modified Cash Basis) opinions on the respective financial statements.

### MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **OPINIONS**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township, as of December 31, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **EMPHASIS OF MATTER**

As discussed in Note 1, The Township of Hanover prepares its financial statements on a modified cash and cash basis of accounting, which are a comprehensive basis of accounting other than U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present financial position and results of operations in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

### **OTHER MATTERS**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the Required Supplementary Information, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### **OTHER INFORMATION**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements. The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 31, 2014, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Township's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Bushta & Company

BETHLEHEM, PENNSYLVANIA

March 31, 2014



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT on INTERNAL CONTROL over FINANCIAL REPORTING and on COMPLIANCE and OTHER MATTERS BASED on an AUDIT of FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED in ACCORDANCE with GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

### TOWNSHIP OF HANOVER, NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Township of Hanover, Northampton County, Pennsylvania** as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Township's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 31, 2014.

### INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of The Township's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control.

A *deficiency* in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

### PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bushta & Company

BETHLEHEM, PENNSYLVANIA

March 31, 2014

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

DECEMBER 31, 2013

The discussion and analysis of Township of Hanover's financial performance provides an overall review of the Township's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Township's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Township's financial performance.



Township of Hanover, Northampton County, was incorporated in 1798. The Township of the Second Class operates under an elected Board of Supervisors, and provides the following services to its residents: public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, culture-recreation, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

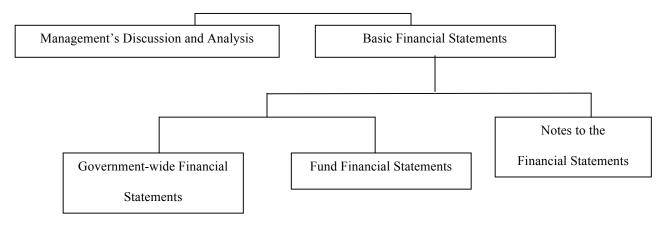
### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key government-wide financial highlights for 2013 are as follows:

- In total, net position were \$25,811,709 at the end of the year.
- General revenues accounted for \$5,608,678 in 2013 or 56% of all revenues.
- Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions accounted for \$4,490,753 or 44% of total revenues of \$10,099,431.
- Total assets of governmental activities were \$27,298,657 of which \$5,779,503 represents unrestricted cash and investments.
- Fixed assets, net of accumulated depreciation, were \$13,991,724.
- The Township had \$8,109,536 in expenses, only \$4,490,753 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants, or contributions. General revenues (primarily taxes) of \$5,608,678 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- Expenses, after program revenue was \$3,618,783 for the year.
- Federal and state intergovernmental revenues were \$1,733,058, which includes allocations from the Commonwealth for pension funding and liquid fuels tax.
- Real Estate Tax millage was unchanged from previous years at 3.90 mills, which includes a 0.5 mill tax for fire protection services.

### USING THIS GENERAL ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPALS REPORT (GAAP)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Township of Hanover as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.



The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole Township, presenting both an aggregate view of the Township's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the Township's most significant funds with all other non-major funds. In the case of Township of Hanover, the General Fund is by far the most significant fund.

### REPORTING THE TOWNSHIP AS A WHOLE

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the Township to provide programs and activities, the view of the Township as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during the year?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. The basis of accounting is that of modified cash. Which means, the financial information is reported on the cash basis and also include outstanding debt and fixed assets.

### REPORTING THE TOWNSHIP AS A WHOLE

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (continued)

These two statements report the Township's Net Position and changes in those assets. This change in Net Position is important because it tells the reader that, for the Township as a whole, the financial position of the Township has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, and some not. Non-financial factors include the Township's property tax base, current property tax laws in Pennsylvania restricting revenue growth, facility condition, required public works and public safety activities, and other factors. In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the Township reports governmental activities. Governmental activities are the activities where most of the Township's programs and services are reported including, but not limited to, general government, public works, public safety, and recreation.

*Table 1 provides a summary of the Township's Net Position:* 

Table 1

Net Position

	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Assets					
Current and Other Assets	\$ 13,306,933	\$ 11,801,688	\$ 11,710,339	\$ 10,810,443	\$ 10,985,770
Capital Assets,					
Net of accumulated depreciation	13,991,724	13,900,074	13,438,757	13,520,326	13,516,943
	27,298,657	25,701,762	25,149,096	24,330,769	24,502,713
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities	408,000	394,000	380,000	366,000	595,890
Long-Term Liabilities	1,078,948	1,486,948	1,880,948	2,260,948	2,818,907
	1,486,948	1,880,948	2,260,948	2,626,948	3,414,797
Net Position					
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Debt	12,504,776	12,019,126	11,177,809	10,893,378	10,102,146
Restricted	8,846,665	7,848,682	7,151,321	6,648,551	6,337,355
Unrestricted	4,460,268	3,953,006	4,559,018	4,161,892	4,648,215
	\$ 25,811,709	<u>\$ 23,820,814</u>	<u>\$ 22,888,148</u>	\$ 21,703,821	<u>\$ 21,087,916</u>

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

Unrestricted Net Position, the part of Net Position that can be used to finance day-to-day activities without constraints established by grants or legal requirements, decreased by \$486,323. You will note that the majority of the Township's Net Position are "locked up" in fixed assets and restricted uses.

Table 2 provides a summary of the Township's statement of activities:

Table 2
Statement of Activities

	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Program Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$ 2,757,695	\$ 2,682,568	\$ 3,123,447	\$ 3,039,231	\$ 2,901,666
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,733,058	1,048,799	701,581	656,107	645,737
Capital Grants and Contributions	0	0	179,000	0	C
General Revenues					
Taxes	5,595,698	5,090,316	5,284,650	4,681,731	4,882,517
Investment Earnings	12,980	19,154	31,709	50,800	129,228
Total Revenues	10,099,431	8,840,837	9,320,387	8,427,869	8,559,148
Program Expenses					
General Government	936,706	1,117,778	974,898	1,089,102	834,905
Public Safety	2,150,769	2,318,199	2,115,809	1,994,804	1,967,643
Public Works	2,549,632	2,013,786	2,488,093	2,220,378	2,118,992
Cultural and Recreation	1,136,483	1,147,055	985,236	1,144,016	1,214,138
Other	1,074,132	1,010,841	1,228,493	972,346	912,074
Interest on Long-Term Debt	53,893	75,579	103,586	135,361	169,175
Unallocated Depreciation	207,921	223,933	239,945	255,957	255,957
Total Expenses	8,109,536	7,907,171	8,136,060	7,811,964	7,472,884
Increase in Net Position	\$ 1.989.895	\$ 933,666	\$ 1.184.327	\$ 615,905	\$ 1,086,264

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

### **Governmental Activities**

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services.

Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue.

Table 3 Net Cost of Services

		2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
General Government	\$	907,525	\$ 159,444	\$ 154,239	\$ 122,549	\$ (25,290)
Public Safety		(1,481,224)	(1,804,995)	(1,724,255)	(1,866,347)	(1,578,056)
Public Works		(1,182,382)	(701,056)	(634,029)	(506,438)	(387,397)
Cultural and Recreation		(527,227)	(518,844)	(385,963)	(502,726)	(597,532)
Other		(1,073,661)	(1,010,841)	(1,198,493)	(972,346)	(912,074)
Interest on Long-Term Debt		(53,893)	(75,579)	(103,586)	(135,361)	(169,175)
Unallocated Depreciation		(207,921)	 (223,933)	 (239,945)	 (255,957)	(255,957)
	<u>\$</u>	(3,618,783)	\$ (4,175,804)	\$ (4,132,032)	\$ (4,116,626)	\$ (3,925,481)

### Defining the Classifications of Expenditure:

- o General Government activities includes the activities of the legislative board of Supervisors, the Office of Township Manager, financial administration, legal counsel, insurance, and physical plant.
- Public safety activities includes police protection, code enforcement, fire protection, and planning.
- Public Works includes general services, servicing of streets and storm sewers, snow and ice removal, and maintenance of public facilities.
- o Cultural and recreation includes the community center, library, parks, and special events.
- o Other includes insurance and employee benefits
- o Interest on long-term debt and fiscal charges involve the transactions associated with the payment of interest and other related charges to debt of the Township.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
DECEMBER 31, 2013

### **Governmental Activities**

The dependence upon real estate tax revenues is apparent. For all activities, general revenue support is 56% for 2013. The community, as a whole, is the primary support for the Township of Hanover. The real estate taxes for the Township are collected from Township residents. The tax on real estate, as levied by the Board. Taxable assessed valuation is \$ 506,071,100 as of December 2013 at 3.9 mills (\$3.90 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation), 3.4 mills for general purposes and 0.5 mills for fire protection. Assessed valuations of property are determined by Northampton County and the collectors are responsible for collection.

### REPORTING THE TOWNSHIP'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the Township's major funds. The Township uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the Township's most significant funds.

### Governmental Funds

Most of the Township's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in the future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called cash basis, which measures cash receipts and disbursements. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Township's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
DECEMBER 31, 2013

### REPORTING THE TOWNSHIP'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

### **Governmental Activities**

The following are the Township's governmental funds:

### **General Fund (Major Fund)**

The general fund is the operating fund of the Township and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the Township for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of The Commonwealth.

Capital Projects Funds (Major Fund) account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of certain major capital facilities which are not financed by the Proprietary and General Funds.

### **Special Revenue Fund (Non-major Fund)**

The Special Revenue Fund accounts for specific revenue sources which are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Township accounts for the liquid fuels tax and fire tax in this fund.

### **Debt Service Fund (Non-major Fund)**

The Debt Service Fund accounts for resources accumulated for the purpose of funding general long-term debt obligations.

The following are the Township's other funds:

**Trust Funds** are used to account for assets held by the Township in a trustee capacity. This includes the Pension Trust Fund. The Pension Trust Fund is used to account for the four retirement pension plans. The Pension Trust Fund is accounted for in essentially the same manner as the Proprietary Fund since capital maintenance is critical.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
DECEMBER 31, 2013

### THE TOWNSHIP'S FUNDS

As indicated above, these funds are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$10,099,431 with expenditures of \$8,595,186. Other financing sources and uses include transfers between the funds and net out to \$0. The net change in fund balance for the year was an increased of only \$582,760 for governmental funds.

### GENERAL FUND BUDGETING HIGHLIGHTS

The Township's budget is prepared according to Pennsylvania law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

### CAPITAL ASSETS

At the end of the fiscal year, the Township had the following invested in land, buildings, furniture and equipment, and vehicles.

**Table 4** Capital Assets

	Balance, eginning	Additions	Di	sposals	Balance, Ending
CAPITAL ASSETS					
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 4,881,299	\$	\$		\$ 4,881,299
Infrastructure	1,730,687				1,730,687
Building & Improvements	9,454,181				9,454,181
Furniture and Equipment	2,654,694	299,571			2,954,265
-	\$ 18,720,861	\$ 299,571	\$	0	\$ 19,020,432
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION					
Building & Improvements	\$ 4,171,713	\$ 201,077	\$		\$ 4,372,790
Furniture and Equipment	649,074	6,844			655,918
-	\$ 4,820,787	\$ 207,921	\$	0	\$ 5,028,708

### Description of the years Capital Asset Activity:

- o Capital purchases were \$299,571 with disposals of \$0.
- o Depreciation for the year was \$207,921.

 $\begin{array}{l} Management \ {}^{\backprime}s \ Discussion \ and \ Analysis \ (continued) \\ December \ 31,2013 \end{array}$ 

### **DEBT SERVICE**

### Table 5 summarizes Long Term Debt:

	Balance, Beginning	Proceeds		Repa	ayments	alance, inding
Notes – 2006	\$ 954,948	\$		\$	100,000	\$ 854,948
Notes – 1998	926,000				294,000	632,000
	\$ 1,880,948	\$	0	\$	394,000	\$ 1,486,948

### Table 6 summarizes Debt Service to Maturity:

	Debt Service
2014	495,986
2015	492,113
2016	147,500
2017	143,250
2018	139,000
2019	134,750
2020	130,500
2021	126,250
2022	56,126
Total	1,865,475
Less: Interest Portion	378,527
Outstanding Principal	\$ 1,486,948

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
DECEMBER 31, 2013

### CURRENT FINANCIAL ISSUES AND CONCERNS

In conclusion, The Township of Hanover continues to be financially sound. The Township of Hanover has committed itself to being fiscally responsible over the years and appropriately addressing Township's ongoing needs. Over the past few years the Township has evaluated operations, consolidated three full-time positions, while increasing services to its residents, business community and visitors.

The Township implemented a Defined Contribution Plan for new hires thereby insuring the liquidity of the Defined Benefit Plan. New hires are also required to contribute to the health benefits their dependants receive.

The Board of Supervisors and appointed staff have been forward thinking in the operations and financing of the Township. The Township is also fortunate to have a dedicated staff committed to providing "best in class" services. In addition, the Township's system of financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls are well regarded, as official audits have demonstrated. The Township plans to continue its sound financial management to meet the challenges of the future.

Contacting the Township's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Township finances and to show the Township's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Township offices.



### GOVERNMENT WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS DECEMBER 31, 2013

		rnmental tivities
	2013	2012
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,339,889	· ·
Investments	4,439,614	4,951,511
	5,779,503	5,827,424
Noncurrent Assets		
General Fixed Assets		
Land	4,881,299	4,881,299
Infrastructure	1,730,687	
Building & Building Improvements	9,454,181	
Equipment	2,654,694	2,654,694
	18,720,861	18,720,861
Accumulated Depreciation	(5,028,708	3) (4,820,787)
Net General Fixed Assets	13,692,153	3 13,900,074
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	7,527,430	5,974,264
	21,219,583	19,874,338
	26,999,086	25,701,762
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Current Portion of LT Debt - notes payable <i>Noncurrent Liabilities</i>	394,000	394,000
Notes Payable - Long term	1,092,948	1,486,948
	1,486,948	3 1,880,948
NET POSITION		
Investment in Capital Assets Net of Related Debt Restricted for:	12,205,205	12,019,126
Capital Projects	4,217,598	3,689,939
Specified Projects	3,263,820	
Specified use	1,365,247	
Unrestricted	4,460,268	3,953,006
	\$ 25,512,138	\$ 23,820,814

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	2012	Governmental Memorandum Activities Total	6	<b>₽</b>	(1,481,224) (1,804,995)		(327,227) (318,844)			4)			1,669,552 1,736,543	374,931 280,689	408,671 296,458		501,080 478,787	2,131,820 1,870,199	12,980	5,608,678 5,110,470	1,690,324 933,666	23,821,814 22,889,148	<u>\$ 25,512,138</u> <u>\$ 23,821,814</u>
	nues	Capital	Grants and Sontributions		<b>∞</b>	0 °	0				0 8			oses	uc						i, and transfers	ition	Net Position—beginning	Net Position—ending
2013	Program Revenues	Operating	Grants and Contributions		\$ 1,345,390	115,990					\$ 1,733,058			Property Taxes, levied for general purposes	Property Taxes, levied for fire protection	ıxes					Total general revenues, special items, and transfers	Change in Net Position	Net Positic	Net Positic
			Charges for Services		\$ 498,841	553,555	275,560,1	009,236	<b>†</b> /†		\$ 2,757,695	.s.		y Taxes, levied	y Taxes, levied	Real Estate Transfer Taxes	Local Services Taxes	Mercantile Taxes	Earned Income Taxes	ome	' general revenu	Che		
			Expenses		\$ 956,706	2,150,769	2,049,203	1,156,483	1,0/4,132	207,921	\$ 8,409,107	General revenues:	Taxes:	Propert	Propert	Real Es	Local S	Mercan	Earned	Interest Income	Total			
			Functions/Programs	Governmental activities:	General government	Public safety	Fublic works	Kecreanon	Utilici Interest on I ong Term debt	Unallocated Depreciation														

### RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2013

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (CASH BASIS)

\$ 13,306,933

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in funds.

Capital Assets 18,720,861 Accumulated Depreciation (5,028,708)

Long-term liabilities, including notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:

*Notes Payable* (1,486,948)

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities (MODIFIED CASH BASIS) \$ 25,512,138

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds (CASH BASIS) \$ 1,504,245

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlays in the period.

> Depreciation (207,921)Capital Outlay

Repayment of note principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.

394,000

Proceeds from issuing debt is an other financing use the governmental funds, but an increase in debt liabilities on the statement of net assets

0

Change in net position of governmental activities (MODIFIED CASH BASIS) \$ 1,690,324

### FUNDS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



### COMBINED STATEMENTS OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013**

			2013	Non-Major		
		Major Funds		Funds	Total	2012
		Capital		Special	Governmental	Memorandum
	General	Projects	Total	Revenue	Funds	Total
ASSETS	\$ 226,000	3 000	320 000	000 000	- 1 220 000	076 013
Cash - restricted	ω.	1,71	4		- 7	δ.
Due from other funds	49,900		49,900		49,900	49,900
Investments - unrestricted	4,074,366		4,074,366	365,248	4,439,614	4,951,511
Investments - restricted		2,547,536	2,547,536		2,547,536	740,453
	\$ 7,724,088	\$ 4,267,498	\$ 11,991,586	\$ 1,365,247	\$ 13,356,833	\$ 11,852,588
LIABILITIES		000 07	70 000		40 000	000 07
Due to other runds		47,700	47,700		47,700	47,700
	0	49,900	49,900	0	49,900	49,900
FUND BALANCE						
Assigned Unassigned	3,263,820 4,460,268	4,217,598	7,481,418 4,460,268	1,365,247	7,481,418 5,825,515	5,779,065 6,023,623
	7,724,088	4,217,598	11,941,686	1,365,247	13,306,933	11,802,688
	\$ 7,724,088	\$ 4 267 498	\$ 11 991 586	\$ 1365247	\$ 13 356 833	\$ 11 852 588

COMBINED STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

				2013				
		Major Funds		_	Non-Major Funds	s	Total	2012
		Capital		Special	Debt		Governmental	Memorandum
	General	Projects	Total	Revenue	Service	Total	Funds	Total
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$ 5,220,767	S	\$ 5,220,767	\$ 374,931	S	\$ 374,931	\$ 5,595,698	\$ 5,090,316
Licenses and permits	149,051		149,051			0	149,051	469,858
Fines and forfeitures	101,896		101,896			0	101,896	50,886
Interest income	6,402	4,938	11,340	1,640		1,640	12,980	19,154
Intergovernmental revenue	815,175		815,175	271,678		271,678	1,086,853	964,493
Charges for services -	!							
Other	1,157,474	8,250	1,165,724			0	1,165,724	916,519
Solid waste collection and disposal Other	848,759	1,087,296	848,759 1,138,470			0 0	848,759 1,138,470	822,281 507,330
	8,350,698	1,100,484	9,451,182	648,249	0	648,249	10,099,431	8,840,837
EXPENDITURES								
Canami avvaramant	508 808	100 36	907 900				902 980	1 117 778
Oeneial government Public safety	2.141.916	26,901	936,706			00	936,706	2,469,443
Public works	1 895 503	699 277	2 594 780	254 423		254 423	2,849,203	2,449,777
Recreation	1.083.834	52,649	1.136,483	) : : :		0	1.136,483	1.244,070
Other	1,074,132		1,074,132			0	1,074,132	1,011,841
Debt Service								
Principal			0		394,000	394,000	394,000	380,000
Interest			0		53,893	53,893	53,893	75,579
	7,105,190	787,680	7,892,870	254,423	447,893	702,316	8,595,186	8,748,488
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,245,508	312,804	1,558,312	393,826	(447,893)	(54,067)	1,504,245	92,349
OTHER FINANCING (USES) SOURCES			c			C	c	
Proceeds from Issuing general obligation notes Operating fransfers in		857 758	0 857.758		447 893	447 893	1 305 649	1 337 963
Operating transfers out	(662,748)	(642,901)	1)			0	(1,305,649)	(1,337,963)
	(662,748)	214,855	(447,893)	0	447,893	447,893	0	0
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES) SOURCES	582.760	527.659	1.110.419	393.826	0	393.826	1.504.245	92.349
TAMPINE STANDER	7 141 230	020 037 2	10 021 267	071 421		071 721	11 903 609	11 710 330
FUND BALANCES, JAINOAKI I	1,141,520	3,009,739	10,021,20/	9/1,421	0	9/1,421	11,002,000	11,/10,539
FUND BALANCES, DECEMBER 31	\$ 7,724,088	\$ 4,217,598	\$ 11,941,686	\$ 1,365,247	0 8	\$ 1,365,247	\$ 13,306,933	\$ 11,802,688

### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Pens	ion Trust
	2013	2012
ASSETS		
Investments - restricted	\$ 6,662,128	\$ 5,989,788
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
LIABILITIES	\$	0 \$ 0
NET ASSETS Reserved for retirement benefits		5,989,787 5,989,787

### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS - CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	<b>Pension Trust</b>			
		2013		2012
ADDITIONS				
Township Contributions	\$	510,980	\$	495,279
Interest, dividends, and net unrealized				
gains/losses		481,375		404,289
		992,355		899,568
DEDUCTIONS				
Administrative expenses		53,720		28,938
Pension benefits		266,294		256,192
		320,014		285,130
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		672,341		614,438
NET ASSETS, JANUARY 1		5,989,787		5,375,349
NET ASSETS, DECEMBER 31	\$	6,662,128	\$	5,989,787

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### **Reporting Entity**

Township of Hanover, Northampton County, was incorporated in 1798. The second class Township operates under an elected Board of Supervisors, and provides the following services to its residents: public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, culture-recreation, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

### **Principles Determining Scope of Reporting Entity**

The financial statements of the Township consist only of the funds and account groups of the Township. The Township has no oversight responsibility for any other governmental entity since no other entities are considered to be controlled by or dependent on the Township. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority, funding, and appointment of the respective governing board.

### **Basis of Accounting**

The Township's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of Net Position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information. Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the modified cash basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the cash basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the cash basis of accounting arise in the recognition fixed assets and debt.

### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

The statement of Net Position and the statement of activities display information about the Township as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the Primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the Township at The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct vear-end. expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Township's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Township. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function selffinancing or draws from the general revenues of the Township.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

DECEMBER 31, 2013

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### **Basis of Accounting (continued)**

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

During the year, the Township segregates transactions related to certain Township functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Township at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The fiduciary fund is reported separately by type.

All funds of the Township are accounted for using the cash basis. As such, revenues are recognized when cash is received, and expenses are recognized when they are paid. The accounts of the Township are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund or account group are summarized by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which include its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures.

### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS:

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following funds are used by the Township.

### **GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES**

**General Fund (Major Fund)** is the general operating fund of the Township. All financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund, are accounted for in the General Fund.

Capital Projects Funds (Major Fund) account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of certain major capital facilities which are not financed by the Proprietary and General Funds.

**Special Revenue Funds (Non-major Fund)** are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. Included in these funds is State Liquid Fuels Highway Aid.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

**DECEMBER 31, 2013** 

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### **Basis of Accounting (continued)**

### **Debt Service Fund (Non-major Fund)**

The Debt Service Fund accounts for resources accumulated for the purpose of funding general long-term debt obligations.

### PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES

**Enterprise** Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the costs of providing services to the general public on a continuing basis are financed through user charges. The Township does not currently engage in activities which would require reporting in an Enterprise Fund.

### FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES

Trust Fund is used to account for assets held by the Township in a trustee capacity. This includes the Pension Trust Fund. The Pension Trust Fund is used to account for the four retirement pension plans. The Pension Trust Fund is accounted for in essentially the same manner as the Proprietary Fund since capital maintenance is critical.

### MEASUREMENT FOCUS:

### **Government-wide Financial Statements:**

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the Township are included on the Statement of Net Position.

### **Fund Financial Statements:**

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds. The private purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) DECEMBER 31, 2013

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

**Basis of Accounting (continued)** 

### **Cash and Investments**

The Township maintains all its cash in checking and savings accounts which are covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the Township's custodial bank. The Second Class Township Code authorizes the Township to invest its funds in savings accounts and certificates of deposit or time deposits provided that these deposits are insured or collateralized by a pledge or assignment of assets of the depository. In addition, the Township may invest its funds in obligations of the United States of America or the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, including their agencies or instrumentalities, political subdivisions of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and United States Treasury Bills.

### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisitions and construction costs are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds. In the government wide financial statements, these assets are capitalized and depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life. Fixed assets in the Enterprise Fund are stated at cost. Depreciation of equipment in the Enterprise Fund is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the equipment.

General Fixed Assets purchased are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase. General Fixed Assets are stated at cost when determinable, or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or other acceptable methods when historical cost is not available. Donated fixed assets are stated at their fair market value as of the date of gift.

### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

**DECEMBER 31, 2013** 

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### **Basis of Accounting (continued)**

### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

The Township adopts annual budgets for all funds in accordance with the Second Class Township Code. All budgets are adopted on a cash basis, which is not consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. All budget amounts included in the accompanying financial statements and supplementary information are as originally adopted or as amended by the Board of Supervisors. Appropriations not expended lapse at the end of each fiscal year. The Township uses traditional, program and performance budgeting methods to develop the operating budget, which includes proposed expenditures and the means to finance them. The budget is adopted by ordinance and subject to change only by ordinance. The Township utilizes the cash basis of accounting for budgetary purposes. Once adopted, the budget is not revised or amended.

### **Debt and Debt Service**

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt of the Township not accounted for in other funds.

### **Pension Plan**

The Township has one defined benefit pension plan. Pension costs for the plan includes current service costs, which are accrued and funded on a current basis, and prior costs which are amortized over 30 years.

### **Transfers**

Legally authorized payments or authorizations to make payments from a fund receiving revenue to a fund through which the resources are to be expended are reported as operating transfers. Transfers to the pension funds are quasi-external transactions and are not treated as operating transfers.

### **Fund Equity**

The unreserved fund balances for governmental funds represent the amounts available for budgeting future operations. The reserved fund balances for governmental funds represent the amount that has been legally identified for specific purposes. Unreserved retained earnings for proprietary funds represent the Net Position available for future operations or distributions. Reserved retained earnings for proprietary funds represent the Net Position that have been legally identified for specific purposes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

**DECEMBER 31, 2013** 

### NOTE 2 INVESTMENTS AND DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

The Township, under the Pennsylvania Second Class Township Code Act of 1933, as amended, is authorized to invest in direct obligations of the United States government, obligations guaranteed by the United States government, obligations of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, or any political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, savings or time deposits and time certificates of deposit. The deposit and investment policy of the Township adheres to state statutes and prudent business practice. There were no deposit or investment transactions during the year that were in violation of either the state statutes or the policy of the Township. To the extent the Township's deposits with financial institutions are not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, assets have been pledged by the financial institutions. The fair market value of pledged assets exceeded the carrying amount of deposits in the pools at year end.

**Credit risk** The risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations is called credit risk. The majority of the Township's investments are in U.S. Government Obligations and are therefore not exposed to this type of risk.

Custodial credit risk –deposits In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. At year end, the bank balance of the Township's deposits with financial institutions including cash equivalent investments was \$5,779,503. The remaining balances was collateralized in accordance with Act 72 of the Pennsylvania state legislature, which requires the institution to pool collateral for all governmental deposits and have the collateral held by an approved custodian in the institution's name. The total amount of investments not secured by federal depository insurance was collateralized by securities pledged by the financial institution for such funds, but not in the Township's name. Investments have received an AAAm rating from Standards & Poors with \$7,527,430.

Custodial credit risk investments For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Pennsylvania Local Government Investment Trust were established as common law trusts organized under laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. Shares of the funds are offered to certain Pennsylvania school districts, intermediate units, area vocational-technical schools and municipalities. The Township's deposits in these pooled funds are not subject to custodial credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. These investments are reflected as cash and cash equivalents on the balance sheet. The fair value of the Township's position in the external investment pools is the same as the value of the pool shares. All investments in an external investment pools that are not SEC registered are subject to oversight by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania with \$6,662,128.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

**DECEMBER 31, 2013** 

#### NOTE 3 PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied on a calendar year basis, and are assessed on February 1. The taxes are due May 31. A discount of 2% is available through March 31, and a penalty of 10% is charged on payments after May 31. Taxable assessed valuation is \$506,071,100 at 3.4 mills for general purposes and 0.5 mills for fire protection.

#### NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in the capital assets:

	Balance, Beginning		Additions	Disposals		Balance, Ending			
CAPITAL ASSETS									
Land and Land Improvements	\$	4,881,299	\$	\$		\$	4,881,299		
Infrastructure		1,730,687					1,730,687		
Building & Improvements		9,454,181					9,454,181		
Furniture and Equipment		2,654,694	299,571				2,954,265		
-	\$	18,720,861	\$ 299,571	\$	0	\$	19,020,432		
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION									
Building & Improvements	\$	4,171,713	\$ 201,077	\$		\$	4,372,790		
Furniture and Equipment _		649,074	6,844				655,918		
<u>-</u>	\$	4,820,787	\$ 207,921	\$	0	\$	5,028,708		

#### NOTE 5 DEBT AND DEBT SERVICE

The following is a summary of the Township's long-term debt activity for the year:

	Balance, Beginning	Proceeds		Repa	yments		llance, nding
Notes – 2006	\$ 954,948	\$		\$	100,000	\$	854,948
Notes – 1998	926,000				294,000		632,000
	\$ 1,880,948	\$	0	\$	394,000	\$ .	1,486,948

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

**DECEMBER 31, 2013** 

#### NOTE 5 DEBT AND DEBT SERVICE (CONTINUED)

#### **Series 2006 General Obligation Notes**

Original issue of \$2,500,000 for the purchase of a new building; due in monthly installments of varying amounts; interest is payable at a fixed (tax free) rate of 4.25% per annum, maturing December 2031

\$ 854,948

### Series 1998 General Obligation Notes

Original issues of \$3,948,000 for the advanced refunding of the General Obligation Bonds of 1995 and to provide for construction of a community center; due in semiannual installments each on June 1 and December 1; interest is payable at a fixed (tax free) rate of 5.05% per annum maturing December 2015

\$ 632,000

#### The Township's debt service to maturity at year end is as follows:

	Debt Service
2014	495,986
2015	492,113
2016	147,500
2017	143,250
2018	139,000
2019	134,750
2020	130,500
2021	126,250
2022	56,126
Total	1,865,475
Less: Interest Portion	378,527
Outstanding Principal	\$ 1,486,948

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) DECEMBER 31, 2013

#### NOTE 6 ASSIGNMENTS OF FUND BALANCES

Designations indicate tentative management plans for future use of certain financial resources that may or may not be ultimately approved or result in expenditure. Generally, designations are supported by definitive plans approved by the Township.

#### NOTE 7 LITIGATION

The Township is a defendant in lawsuits concerning various matters. Although the outcome of the lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of Township legal counsel, resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Township.

#### NOTE 8 FUND BALANCE REPORTING

GASB 54 is intended to improve the usefulness of the amounts reported in fund balance by providing more structured classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. It moves the Township from the current standard of reporting three main classifications of fund balance (reserved, designated, and unreserved/undesignated) to five new fund balance classifications (nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned). The hierarchy of five possible classifications of fund balance is:

#### Nonspendable Fund Balance

- Amounts that cannot be spent due to form; for example, inventories and prepaid amounts. Also, long-term loan and notes receivables, and property held for resale would be reported here unless the proceeds are restricted, committed or assigned.
- Amounts that must be maintained intact legally or contractually.

#### **Restricted Fund Balance**

• Amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

#### **Committed Fund Balance**

- Amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority. It would require action by the same group to remove or change the constraints placed on the resources.
- Action to constrain resources must occur prior to year-end; however, the amount can be determined in the subsequent period.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) DECEMBER 31, 2013

#### NOTE 8 FUND BALANCE REPORTING (CONTINUED)

#### **Assigned Fund Balance**

- For all governmental funds other than the general fund, any remaining positive amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted or committed.
- For the general fund, amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by a governing board or a body or official that has been delegated authority to assign amounts. Amount reported as assigned should not result in a deficit in unassigned fund balance.

#### **Unassigned Fund Balance**

• For the general fund, amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The general fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance.

#### NOTE 9 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

#### **Funding Status and Progress of the Plan**

The pension benefit obligations were computed as part of an actuarial valuation performed as of January 1, 2013.

Because the standardized measure is used only for disclosure purposes by the Township of Hanover, Northampton County's plans, the measurement is independent of the actuarial computation made to determine contributions to the Plan. The actuarial funding method used to determine contributions to the Plan is explained later in this note. A variety of significant actuarial assumptions are used to determine the standardized measure of the pension benefit obligation and these assumptions are summarized below. The present value of future pension payments was computed by using a discount rate of 8%. The discount rate is equal to the estimated long-term rate of return on current and future investments of the pension plan. Future pension payments reflect an assumption of a 5% (compounded annually) salary increase as a result of inflation and merit (seniority). Future pension payments reflect no post-retirement benefit increases, which is consistent with the terms of the pension agreement.

#### **Plan Description**

The pension plan provides pension and death benefits. A member may retire after reaching the age of 62 and accumulating 7 years of service. Benefits vest after 10 years of service. Employees who retire at or after age 62 with 10 or more years of service are entitled to pension payments for the remainder of their lives equal to 3% (pre 2001 or 2.25% post 2001) of their final, five-year average salary. Pension provisions include death benefits. The surviving spouse receives 100% of the amount otherwise payable to the participant. The Township pays the full cost of the Plan. Member contributions are not required.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

**DECEMBER 31, 2013** 

#### NOTE 9 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### **Reporting Entity**

The Township maintains one single-employer, defined benefit pension plan which covers all full-time classed employees. The Plan is part of the Township's financial reporting entity and is included in the Township's financial statements as a Pension Trust Fund.

#### Plan Valuation

The pension plan descriptions and actuarial valuations are available at the Township offices.

#### NOTE 10 IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

During the current year, the Township implemented GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus. This new guidance affects the treatment of component units within the financial statements. The implementation of this new statement did not have an effect on the Township's current financial statements.

The Township has implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, which revises the hierarchy of applying accounting standards to certain defined transactions, and the provisions of GASB statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position. The objective of this statement is to provide guidance for reporting deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net position in a statement of financial position and related disclosures.

The District has also early implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. The objective of this statement is to either (a) properly classify certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources or (b) recognize certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as outflows of resources (expenses or expenditures) or inflows of resources (revenue).

The Township has early implemented GASB Statement No. 66, Technical Corrections, an Amendment of GASB Statements No.10 and 62. The objective of this statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for a governmental financial reporting entity by resolving conflicting guidance that resulted from the issuance of two pronouncements, Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, and No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements.

# D E T A I L S C H E D U L E S O F R E V E N U E A N D E X P E N D I T U R E S



## SCHEDULE OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CASH BASIS

GENERAL FUND

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

			Variance
			Favorable
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES:			
TAXES			
Real Estate	\$ 1,644,636	\$ 1,669,552	\$ 24,916
Real Estate Transfer	230,000	408,671	178,671
Local Services Tax	490,000	509,644	·
Mercantile	662,169	501,080	·
Earned Income Tax	1,850,000	2,131,820	
	4,876,805	5,220,767	343,962
LICENSES AND PERMITS			
Cable television licenses	136,937	147,471	10,534
Permits	500	1,580	·
Termits			· <del></del>
	137,437	149,051	11,614
FINES AND FORFEITURES			( <b>-</b> )
Forfeitures	25,000	50,128	
Fines and Code Violations	41,017	51,768	·
	66,017	101,896	(14,249)
INTEREST AND RENTS			
Interest on investments	10,000	6,402	(3,598)
Rents	287,600	259,351	(28,249)
	297,600	265,753	(31,847)
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE			
State public utility tax	6,000	6,469	469
Other governments	2,042	2,589	
Alcoholic beverage taxes	3,000	1,800	
Foreign fire insurance premium tax	103,444	115,990	* * * *
Recycling	65,000	53,290	·
Reimbursements from regional police		181,740	
Pension fund state aid	196,975	193,946	
	376,461	555,824	179,363
CHARGES FOR SERVICES			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
General Government	32,265	31,486	(779)
Solid waste collection and disposal	800,904	848,759	` '
Sanitary sewer fee	183,440	246,813	·
Public Safety	226,739	269,919	·
Recreation & Community Center	674,873	609,256	
Trees of Community Comm	1,918,221	2,006,233	
OTHER	1,710,221	2,000,233	
OTHER  Proceeds from sole of fixed assets		471	471
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	11 225	471 50 703	471 20 478
Other	11,225	50,703	· <del></del>
	11,225	51,174	·
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 7,683,766	\$ 8,350,698	\$ 616,804

## SCHEDULE OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CASH BASIS

GENERAL FUND

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

				Variance Favorable
	Budget		Actual	(Unfavorable)
EXPENDITURES:				
GENERAL GOVERNMENT				
Legislative and Governing Body	\$ 121,80	0 \$	108,047	\$ 13,753
Executive / Manager	109,02	6	108,697	329
Financial services	14,68	0	12,720	1,960
Tax Collection	46,57	4	37,146	9,428
Legal services	38,00	0	36,533	1,467
Treasurer, Secretary and Clerk	199,87	4	193,282	6,592
Engineering services	29,52	0	17,266	12,254
Buildings and Plant	105,10	0 _	396,114	(291,014)
	664,57	4	909,805	(245,231)
PUBLIC SAFETY				
Police Police	1,592,95	0	1,585,447	7,511
Fire	305,09		317,715	(12,616)
Ambulance	303,09	,	317,713	(12,010)
Crossing Guards	12,20	0	12,638	(438)
Emergency Management	8,00		2,080	5,920
Animal Control	2		2,000	25
Protective Inspection	184,92		188,321	(3,394)
Planning and Zoning	43,50		35,715	7,785
	2,146,70	9	2,141,916	4,793
PUBLIC WORKS				
Recycling	31,40	0	45,099	(13,699)
Solid waste collection and disposal	775,64		742,064	33,577
Wastewater and sewage collection and disposal	75,00		136,827	(61,827)
Highways, Streets and General services	700,35		645,651	54,703
Winter maintenance	24,80		23,928	872
Traffic control	63,91		37,031	26,879
Street Lighting	115,00		125,477	(10,477)
Repairs of tools and machinery	63,89		56,450	7,447
Construction and Rebuilding	79,87		67,201	12,674
Other public works	9,70		15,775	(6,075)
	1,939,57	7	1,895,503	44,074

## SCHEDULE OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CASH BASIS

GENERAL FUND

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

			Variance
	Dudget	Antual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
EXPENDITURES (continued):	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
RECREATION AND COMMUNITY			
Libraries	185,067	185,067	0
Shade Tree	7,000	2,845	4,155
Open space			0
Recreation & Community Center	909,611	895,922	13,689
Community development			0
	1,101,678	1,083,834	17,844
MISCELLANEOUS			
Pension contributions	573,475	600,433	(26,958)
Workers compensation	23,528	22,364	1,164
Unemployment compensation	9,600	10,439	(839)
Employee Benefits	348,375	312,905	35,470
Insurance premiums	35,239	34,355	884
Social Security	83,852	86,622	(2,770)
Refund of prior year tax			0
Other	7,000	7,014	(14)
	1,081,069	1,074,132	6,937
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 6,933,607	\$ 7,105,190	\$ (171,583)

## COMBINING SCHEDULES



COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS - MAJOR FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

		Capital Reserve		Plans & Appeals		Impact Fees		Total
ASSETS				PP				
Cash - unrestricted	\$	1,260	\$		\$	2,628	\$	3,888
Cash - restricted		1,541,952		174,122				1,716,074
Investments - unrestricted		1 220 (77		015 164		1 001 605		0
Investments - restricted	_	1,330,677	_	215,164	_	1,001,695	_	2,547,536
	\$	2,873,889	\$	389,286	\$	1,004,323	\$	4,267,498
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE								
LIABILITIES								
Due to other funds		49,900						49,900
		49,900		0		0		49,900
Fund balances:								
Assigned Unassigned		2,823,989		389,286		1,004,323		4,217,598 0
_	\$	2,873,889	\$	389,286	\$	1,004,323	\$	4,267,498

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS - MAJOR FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Capital Reserve		Plans & Appeals	Impact Fees	Total
REVENUES					
Interest income	\$ 3,87	3 \$		\$ 801	\$ 4,938
Charges for Service			8,250		8,250
Intergovernmental revenue					0
Developer contributions	400,58	6	659,392	27,318	1,087,296
	404,45	9	667,906	28,119	1,100,484
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General Government	26,90	1			26,901
Public Safety	8,85	3			8,853
Public works	186,80	3	510,150	2,324	699,277
Cultural and recreation	52,64	9			52,649
	275,20	6	510,150	2,324	787,680
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	129,25	3 _	157,756	25,795	312,804
OTHER FINANCING (USES) SOURCES					
Proceeds from issuing general obligation notes					0
Operating transfers in	857,75	6			857,756
Operating transfers out	(447,89	2)		(195,009)	(642,901)
	409,86	4 _	0	(195,009)	214,855
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND					
AND FINANCING (USES) SOURCES	539,11	7	157,756	(169,214)	527,659
FUND BALANCES, JANUARY 1	2,284,87	2	231,530	1,173,537	3,689,939
FUND BALANCES, DECEMBER 31	\$ 2,823,98	9 \$	389,286	\$ 1,004,323	\$ 4,217,598

COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - NONMAJOR FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Liquid Fuels	Fire Tax	Total
ASSETS			
Cash - unrestricted Investments - unrestricted	\$ 289,624 365,248 \$ 654,872	\$ 710,375 \$ 710,375	\$ 999,999 365,248 \$ 1,365,247
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE			
LIABILITIES			
Due to other funds			
	0	0	0
Fund balances:			
Unassigned	654,872	710,375	1,365,247
	\$ 654,872	\$ 710,375	\$ 1,365,247

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - NONMAJOR FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Liquid Fuels	Fire Tax	Total
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$	\$ 374,931	\$ 374,931
Interest income	1,640		1,640
Intergovernmental revenue	271,678		271,678
	273,318	374,931	648,249
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
Public Safety			0
Public works	254,423		254,423
	254,423	0	254,423
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	18,895	374,931	393,826
OTHER FINANCING (USES) SOURCES			
Operating transfers in Operating transfers out			0
	0	0	0
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES			
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND	10 005	274 021	202 926
AND FINANCING (USES) SOURCES	18,895	374,931	393,826
FUND BALANCES, JANUARY 1	635,977	335,444	971,421
FUND BALANCES, DECEMBER 31	\$ 654,872	\$ 710,375	\$ 1,365,247